

VILLA MEXICANA TOWARD BORDER

THE WEATHER

July tonight and Friday light variable winds.
Sea calm 4.15, 4.15, 4.15.
High 10.15, 10.15, 10.15.
Low 4.15, 4.15, 4.15.
Temperature 10.15, 10.15, 10.15.
Wind 10.15, 10.15, 10.15.

BOSTON AMERICAN

Circulation Greater Than All the Other Boston Evening Papers Combined

BOSTON, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1916.

FINAL EDITION EXTRA

PRICE ONE CENT.

JOHNNY EVERS

Johnny Evers Suspended

NEW GAINS MADE BY ALLES

French Now Hammer at Last of Lines Defending Peronne, Already Pierced at Several Points.

By CHARLES F. BERTELLI, International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Paris, July 6.—The French gains west of Peronne on the Somme River front have been further extended by the capture of a wood north of Hem, it was announced today by the War Office.

The communiqué makes it plain that violent fighting was in progress around Hem, for the Germans, by means of powerful counter-attacks, managed to occupy two places of woodland in the same district. Hem, which was captured yesterday by the French, lies south of Corbie and about four miles northwest of Peronne in the Somme marshes.

The total number of guns captured by the French up to date in the battle of the Somme is now seventy-six, but several hundred rapid firing guns have been taken in addition to many more smashed by the bombardment of the French and British guns.

HAMMER AT LAST ENDS

French forces north and south of the Somme, having smashed the first and second lines of the Germans, are now hammering away at the third and last line in front of Peronne, it was announced today by the War Office.

MINE SWEEPER IS CRIPPLED BY U-BOAT

London, July 6.—The Admiralty announced today that a British mine sweeper was torpedoed by a submarine in the North Sea on Tuesday, but was able to return to its harbor, its damage being slight.

LOOK AT THE USED CAR BARGAINS TODAY

They are in the Want Ad Section of today's American. Some of them are most unusual. This is the time of the year that many remarkable bargains are offered.

Turn and see them now and take advantage of them at once. Now is the very best time to get the most pleasure out of an automobile, and the best method for the buying or selling of a used car is

Boston American Want Ads
Two Want Ad Offices
80 SUMMER ST. 264 WASHINGTON ST.
(Tel. Main 5180) (2 Doors North of Water Street)

Children from Epidemic Zone Held in Boston

Two children, suspected of being infantile paralytic "contacts" arrived in Boston today, direct from the Italian tenement district in New York, where the epidemic is raging.

JAMAICA PLAIN MAN KILLS SELF BY GAS

Mrs. Lena Coffin of No. 10 Green street, Jamaica Plain, smelted gas today and traced it to the room of her brother, Scott Coffin. She called in a passerby and they broke open the door and found the old man—he was seventy—dead on the floor, a hot water bottle like a mask over his face and a gas tube leading to it from the jet.

CALL DOCTORS TO SERVICE IN FIELD

Washington, July 6.—The first general call to field duty of the recently created medical reserve corps of the army was issued today by the War Department, when forty-six civilian physicians were ordered to report to General Fuston for assignment to duty. They are expected to arrive at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, as soon as possible and be distributed among the militia.

DISCOVER CHINESE STOWAWAY ON SHIP

When the United Fruit steamer Honduras came in from Jamaica today, Commissioner Skeffington sent men to search it for Chinamen trying to smuggle into the United States, and found one hidden under a bunk. Three firemen who bunked there were detained.

BOY EXPELLED; FATHER SUES TOWN

John V. Phan in the East Cambridge court did suit for \$100 against the town of Belmont on behalf of his son, William Clifford Phan, eighteen. The father says the son was on March 27 expelled from the Belmont High School for alleged immorality and refused a hearing by the town school committee.

OUTLAW PATRIOT ON WAR

Bandit Chief is Reported Near Parral and Headed for American Border with New Army

Washington, July 6.—Pancho Villa today again broke into the Mexican-American situation as a leading factor. It was officially announced at the State Department that the landish chief, who was raid on Columbus, N. M., on March 9, brought Mexico and the United States to the verge of war, is reported to be at the head of a large force of troops heading north towards the American border.

Dispatches from American representatives along the border to the department today said that Villa is rumored to be near Parral. The advice did not give any estimate of the number of men Villa has with him.

Another important development in the Mexican situation today was the positive statement that Villa is rumored to be near Parral. The advice did not give any estimate of the number of men Villa has with him.

It was made emphatically plain that the American troops will not be withdrawn until further assurances are received that the border will be protected against raids similar to the one at Columbus.

Secretary of State Lansing announced, following a half hour's conference with the President, that an immediate reply would be sent to Carranza's latest note.

He also stated that future negotiations with the de facto government would be conducted solely through diplomatic channels. He made it plain that while this government regards mediation favorably it does not think it is required in the present Mexican situation.

Villa Defeats Carranzistas

El Paso, Tex., July 6.—"Pancho" Villa and his band, nearly 2,000 strong, repulsed a Carranzista force of equal strength after twelve hours fighting at Jimenez on Sunday, according to partly confirmed reports just brought here.

Villa, on learning of Carranza's conciliatory negotiations with the United States, it was stated, forwarded

36 KILLED AS QUAKE WRECKS MINES

Rome, July 6.—Eighty-six persons were killed, twenty-six were injured and one hundred were astonished by the collapse of three subterranean mines in the Apennines during an earthquake today.

Loss of Braves' Captain Severe Blow to His Club

President Taylor of the National League today suspended Captain John Evers of the Braves for an indefinite period because of the Trojan's unbecoming behavior in yesterday's game with the Phillies.

Evers was called out on strike in the fifth inning and immediately lost control of his temper. He started to kick up a fuss, threw his cap in the air, and started for his position in the field. Umpire Ryan called him back and told him he was out of the game.

At that Evers refused to leave the field. On a second call from the umpire he disappeared, but not until he had made a remark about the wife of the president of the league, who was sitting in a box.

Later Evers wrote a letter of apology to President Taylor, but the fact that he has been suspended makes it clear that Taylor took little stock in the Trojan's apology.

The loss of Evers at this time is a severe blow to the Braves, who are just about to start a Western campaign, and Johnny's presence in the lineup was greatly needed.

O'BRIEN WANTS TO CHANGE HIS NAME

Walter O'Brien, a Brainerd-Nottingham, petitioned the Norfolk Probate Court today for permission to change his last name to Blake, giving as his reason the startling one that he was married under the name of Blake and that his children were under that name.

Blake said in his petition that, in 1911, when he was only three years old, his mother married a second time, wedding Phyllis Blake. From that time on, he has been known as Walter Blake, which means he has never legally. There will be a hearing on July 15.

AUTOIST APPEALS JAIL SENTENCE

Frank J. Libby, forty-four, of Hull street, Cohasset, and Leo B. Howell, twenty-four, of No. 48 St. James street, Boston, were arrested at their automobile against a tree in front of the Cohasset police station.

In court Libby was fined \$50 and Howell \$25. Both were given three months in the House of Correction for driving without a license and the influence of liquor. He appealed.

SCHOOLSHIP CAUGHT IN BIG HURRICANE

Washington, July 6.—A radiogram from the coast guard today states that the schooner ship *John A. Sweeney* was wrecked on the coast of Cuba, having been driven ashore by a hurricane.

TAXI CHAUFFEUR HURT IN COLLISION

George J. Griffin of Roxbury, a taxi chauffeur, was injured today as a result of a collision with a car driven by a woman on a street in the city.

SLANDER SUIT BY WOMAN

Wellesley Hills Colony Stirred by Court Action Following a \$50,000 Suit for Heart Balm

A slander suit following on the heels of a \$50,000 breach of promise action, both involving well-known residents of Wellesley Hills, has not only stirred the keen interest of the Wellesley Summer colony but has brought publicity to a story of real life which rivals a chapter out of a book of fiction.

The principals in the case are Mrs. Annie Gertrude Hall, divorced wife of George R. Hall, cashier of the Colonial Loan Company; William F. Gray, Boston business man and gentleman farmer of Wellesley; and Miss Isabelle Smith, who was for years known as "Mrs. Gray."

It was Miss Smith who sued Gray for alleged breach of promise to wed. This was in the Dedham Superior Court.

In the same court now is filed a \$15,000 suit for alleged slander, brought by Mrs. Hall against Miss Smith.

The divorcee accuses Miss Smith of spreading a report that Mrs. Hall was responsible "for the breaking-up of Miss Smith's home."

It was the breach of promise suit that gave Wellesley folk the first hint that "Mrs. and Mr. Gray" were in reality Mr. Gray and Miss Smith.

Mrs. Hall has been living at Wellesley Hills for some time.

THREE INSANE MEN ABOARD TRANSPORT

The Cunard liner *Ultramar*, under charter to the French-Canada line, to transport horses to France, came in today with three insane men aboard.

Michael Donovan, a Boston hatter, was mildly insane. Jack Small of East Boston, a seaman, was in irons, and Edward Williams of Liverpool was so violent on the voyage that he jumped down a companionway and broke his hip. He was taken to the Marine Hospital in Chelsea. One hundred hostlers went over on the ship, but only seventy-seven returned. The rest enlisted.

TODAY'S BANK CLEARINGS

Boston and treasury credit, \$12,125,000.
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New York clearing, \$20,210,000.
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NORWEGIANS BUY NEWPORT CRAFT

Newport, R. I., July 6.—The steamer *Franklin*, just sold by the Newport Fisheries & Cold Storage Company to a Norwegian fishing syndicate for \$150,000, will sail for Iceland under the Norwegian flag.

'Master Mind' and Other Mysteries in Death Journey of Margaret Ward

The tragedy of Margaret Ward of Peabody, on which Boston, Salem and Peabody police are working, and which has caused eleven arrests in thirty hours, presents their baffling features.

- 1—Why were six men involved in transporting the girl, dead or alive, from Roxbury to Salem?
- 2—City Marshal Harrington of Salem says it was the boldest attempt he ever saw to dispose of a body and that it "was engineered by a master mind." Whose was this "master mind"?
- 3—What man was responsible for the girl's condition, so that, according to police charges, she underwent illegal medical treatment?
- 4—Who administered that treatment?
- 5—Was the girl victim dead or alive when put into an automobile to Roxbury and taken on the North Shore in the gray mist of the morning to Salem?
- 6—Is the mother of the three Pittsford sisters living? The two sisters now under arrest say no. The police hear that she is living and is a nurse. They would like to talk with the mother, also the third sister.

Experts Demand Fire Safeguards in All Schools

To secure proper protection for the schools against fire perils of the hurricane which for seventy-two hours swept the Gulf of Mexico and then drove inland over the Alabama and Florida coast has caused a great catastrophe grew hourly today.

Efforts to get into communication with New Orleans, Mobile, Ala., Pensacola, Fla., and other coast towns failed during the early hours of the morning.

Reports received from the outskirts of the hurricane-swept district indicated that heavy damage had been done. There has been no loss of life reported.

For many hours there had been anxiety over the United States transport *Sumner*, bringing many refugees to Tampa from Vera Cruz, but early today a radiogram from the ship stated that it had avoided the fury of the hurricane.

The only news coming through was a report that eleven miles of Louisville & Nashville tracks had been washed out between Mobile and New Orleans. Telegram officials report the Mobile wires down about ninety miles south of Montgomery and a great number of poles down south of Meridian on the New Orleans route.

Officials at Louisville & Nashville Railroad at Birmingham, Ala., refused to give any information concerning the wreck of the fast Cincinnati-Nashville train No. 1, a westbound at 8 p.m. Ala. As far as could be ascertained here only the fireman and engineer were injured.

"Telegrams from the very direction are reported down, mile upon mile of poles snapped by the mile.

PROVIDENCE GIRL SOUGHT BY FATHER

Providence, July 6.—Simon Port of No. 41 Lippitt street asked the police today to find his daughter, Rose, twenty, who he said, left for Boston Saturday with Charles O'Brien, a chauffeur. Port told the police this is the third time his daughter has left the state with O'Brien, who is married.

Fear Heavy Loss from Storm Along Gulf of Mexico

By International News Service, Atlanta, Ga., July 6.—Fears that the hurricane which for seventy-two hours swept the Gulf of Mexico and then drove inland over the Alabama and Florida coast has caused a great catastrophe grew hourly today.

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BRITISH WATCH U.S. COAST FOR U-BOAT

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Other incoming ships reported having observed great activity by British war craft off the coast.

POLICE GET ROXBURY GLEW

Sensational Development Hinted in Case of Margaret Ward of Peabody, Found Dead in Auto

Two important developments today on the Salem and Roxbury ends of the mysterious tragedy of the unfortunate Miss Margaret Ward of Peabody were the issue of a warrant in Salem for another arrest and the discovery of a new clew by the Roxbury police.

The arrest which is expected at any time on the new Salem warrant will be the eleventh one in this strange case. It will prove, it is predicted, the most sensational turn far in the case.

Dr. John J. Shanahan of Main street, Peabody, the seventh man arrested by the Salem police, was held in \$2,000 in Salem court today for a continued hearing on July 13 on a charge of being an accessory after the fact to illegal medical treatment upon Miss Ward.

While Dr. Shanahan was being arraigned in Salem the three girls taken into custody from No. 43 Warren street, Roxbury, were being placed under formal arrest and then arraigned in Roxbury court.

After the court hearing Sergeant William J. Flynn and Special Officer Hines hurried away on a new clew which seemed promising to them.

ARRESTED IN ROXBURY

The three girls arrested in the Warren street house are Rhona Pittsford, nineteen years; her sister, Geraldine, sixteen years, and Margaret, fifteen years.

Continued on Page 5, Column 1.

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TALIAN FORCE AUSTRIANS BACK

Rome, July 6.—The Italian War Office announced today that the Austro-Hungarians have evacuated Massif and Prims Lunetta in the Campello Valley.

TO START ROOKIES FOR BORDER MARCH

By THOMAS F. FRIELAN.
Camp Whitney, Framingham, July 6.—The first detachment of Massachusetts "rookies" to start for the Mexican border will probably leave Camp Whitney next Monday. Lieutenant

Colonel Buck, representing the War Department at the Framingham maneuvers, received orders from Washington today to start the recruits on the way on Monday, and the

word was at once transmitted to Adjutant-General Cole at the State House.

The "rookies" will go in the order of their efficiency. The best trained will go first, and the men who are

not up to the standard on training will be sent to the tip-top condition for border service.

The detachment headed by the men in reported as being at Camp Whitney, so that the training of the troops will be expedited.

DRIVE ROOKIES BACK.

In a week from next Saturday the detachment may be practically deserted.

The story came to light today of a wild time at a camp being held near the border. When a detachment of rookies were driven back to camp by the force of the First Corps Cadets.

In the course of a week a number who were sent to the border were driven back to camp by the force of the First Corps Cadets.

Then it was demanded that the recruits should be driven back to camp by the force of the First Corps Cadets.

The other recruits seated the hero and hero around the ring on their shoulders. Then, apparently, they started to pick the circus apart to see what made it go.

A happy call had been sent to the camp. It was the company of the First Corps of Cadets, going out on the double and spread for the circus grounds.

They poured onto the scene with loud yells, and the recruits took one look, let out a chorus of wild and joyous yells, and scattered.

ORDER REVERSED.

When the police-company returned to camp they found every recruit snug and cozy in his tent. So an extra guard over the camp has been ordered.

Major William H. Doherty of the 10th Infantry made his first speech in camp yesterday. The occasion for the speech was the acceptance of the 10th Infantry by the 10th Infantry.

The truck was presented by Robert H. Walker. Major Doherty wanted the children of Kitchburg to know that the men of the regiment appreciate the

Captain Walter L. Beaman, Lieutenant Oscar W. Folsom, Lieutenant Arthur D. Connelley and Sergeant Popper, a newspaper man, were present. A note of thanks by the men under them for kindness shown in getting them into camp and "out."

HOSPITAL REPORT.

At the Framingham hospital today it was reported that three men were "doing nicely."

Corporal Ann Dabert, Somerville, Sixth Company, C. A. C. fracture at base of skull received while riding horse last Saturday.

William Waterman, H. Company, Second Infantry, acute erythema of left knee.

Joseph Lynch of Second Infantry, colitis.

Frank Clancy, E. Company, Eighth Infantry, stomach trouble.

William Brown, F. Company, Second Infantry, injuries to left leg.

Omer Lamarche, D. Company, Second Infantry, recovering from an operation for appendicitis.

George Krastner, A. Company, Ninth Regiment, laceration and dislocation of lower leg.

Dr. John A. Wesener, one of Chicago's police experts, was back on duty for cross-examination of the prosecution. Attorney David H. Jonson, the special prosecutor, struck away at the expert witness with questions as brutal as a hand axe.

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LANBERT'S BLUE COAT MUTE WITNESS

Waukegan, July 6.—Another day of Will Orpet's trial was given up to the three spots of poison on Marian Lambert's green coat. The rough and wrinkled garment that the school girl wore when she went to her death with school books under her arm, lay limp and alone on the rail before the judge and jury, the attorney, the accused boy, his parents and the whole gaping court room.

The three white spots were plainly visible—and yet the story they have been telling has become so twisted and distorted by the efforts of struggling counsel that it is now wholly unrecognizable.

Now the three white spots were dancing before the eyes of the spectators.

It was as though some ancient spell had been cast over them and they had become so twisted and distorted by the efforts of struggling counsel that it is now wholly unrecognizable.

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GILCHRIST'S Friday Specials FOR ONE DAY ONLY

These Prices Are So Extraordinarily Low That we cannot afford to fill Mail or Phone Orders

\$10.00 Stunning Sport Coats Friday Only **\$4.75**



\$1.50 Gardaine Wash Skirts Friday Only **\$1.00**



Sample Lingerie Waists Friday Only **79c**



\$1.25 Tango Girdle or Bathing Corsets Friday Only **79c**



Night Gowns Friday Only **75c**



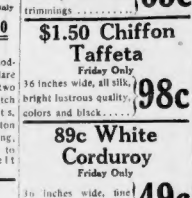
75c Vachette Leather Strap Back Purses Friday Only **39c**



\$1.00 Pure Silk Gloves Friday Only **59c**



Men's \$1.50 Union Suits Friday Only **75c**



Men's \$1.00 Bathing Suits Friday Only **65c**



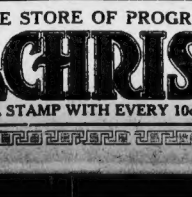
\$1.50 Chiffon Taffeta Friday Only **98c**



89c White Corduroy Friday Only **49c**



\$1.00 Black French Twill Friday Only **59c**



\$1.00 Long Crepe Kimonos Friday Only **58c**



79c Tub Petticoats Friday Only **49c**



Girls' Colored Dresses Friday Only **65c**



Children's \$2.00 and \$2.50 White Shoes Friday Only **1.59**



\$2.50 Dutch Curtains Friday Only **1.35**



Velvet Stair Carpeting Friday Only **90c Yd.**



STORE CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY

Filene's

CLOSES DAILY AT 8 P. M.

Things women want—more \$15 fibre silk sweaters

WOMEN ARE FAIRLY GREEDY FOR THEM

Solid colors with wide borders of white; white sashes and collars. Yellow, blue, rose.

More of these hard-to-get blouses, \$2.50

White organdie blouses with fluted frills—sketched—\$2.50.

White batiste blouses with inset hand-embroidered linen vests. \$2.50.

\$1.95 Frilled two-tone Jap silk blouses.

\$3.95 Frilled white Georgette crepe blouses.

THE SKETCH SHOWS

Organdie blouse, \$2.50 (Fifth Floor)
Reinforced cord tub skirt, \$5 (Sixth Floor).

STREET FLOOR UNTRIMMED HAT SHOP

300 good vacation hats \$1

Good quality Japanese Panamas, many inestimables included.

Shapes are sufficiently varied so that every-

one will find a becoming one.

The only trimming they require is a band, and there are a great many here, 25c to \$1.35.

A special group of white Italian Milan Hats, in several good sailor shapes \$2

(Filene's—Mail Orders Filled—Street Floor)



Don't thank us—thank Nature!

There's no tobacco quite so good as naturally good tobacco.

We let this fine, old leaf mellow itself—slowly—by ageing leaf against leaf.

Then—what a flavor! It's a more mellow taste—a more refreshing taste. Because it is JUST NATURALLY GOOD. Why not discover this yourself?

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



10 for 5c
Also Packed 20 for 10c
Perfection CIGARETTES

Try Magnesia for Stomach Trouble

It Neutralizes Stomach Acidity, Promotes Food Assimilation.

Doubtless, if you are a sufferer from indigestion, you have already tried peppermint, soda, charcoal, drugs and various

digestive aids and you know that these things will not cure your trouble—in some cases do not even give relief.

But before giving up hope and deciding that all these things are useless, try a little Magnesia—the only medicine which will cure your trouble.

It is a little white powder, not the ordinary white chalky substance, which you can obtain from practically any drug store in either powder or tablet form. Take a teaspoonful of the powder or two or three tablets three or four times a day.

Just next time you are troubled by indigestion, do not take any other medicine, but take a little Magnesia.

It will cure your trouble, and you will be able to eat and drink without any danger of pain or discomfort. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and it is the only one that will cure your trouble.

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It will cure your trouble, and you will be able to eat and drink without any danger of pain or discomfort. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and it is the only one that will cure your trouble.

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY SATURDAY

THE STORE OF PROGRESS
GILCHRIST CO.
A LEGAL STAMP WITH EVERY 10c PURCHASE

stylish models with belts and pockets. Values 10.00 and 12.50.. **5.95**

Misses' Pique Wash Shirts, made with separate belt and two patch pockets, button trimmed. Original value **1.95**
2.50

"NO DANGER OF EPIDEMIC HERE"

Infantile paralysis has little chance of gaining a foothold in Boston, in the opinion of Dr. Francis X. Mahoney, health commissioner of Boston.

Although thousands of persons are said to have died with their children from New York to escape the epidemic, Dr. Mahoney believes there is little danger of the disease being

brought to Boston in this way.

He is in close touch with the situation in New York and in the event of any suspected person leaving that city, the Boston health department would be notified at once by wire. All persons suffering from the disease in New York are quarantined.

"Boston has not a single case of infantile paralysis," he said today. "There has been no case since the first of the year. If this record is to be maintained, the parents of young children should observe certain commonsense rules."

PRECAUTIONS TO TAKE.

"Absolute cleanliness on the part of mothers and children should be rigidly observed. Disease germs, and only those of infantile paralysis but every other variety as well, thrive in dirt. They have a hard time of it when cleanliness is the rule."

Here are some rules that Dr. Mahoney says should be observed by every mother in Boston:

Keep the children clean. If they are sick, call a doctor at once. Do not let sick people play with those who are well. Don't let babies put their fingers or toys in their mouths. Keep them off the floor. Keep them away from crowded places.

Children who are sick should be sent to a hospital or isolated from other children. "Although death from infantile paralysis have been small as compared with many other diseases, a mystery has always made it regarded with terror by parents," Dr. Mahoney continued.

"In New York, during the present epidemic, the percentage of deaths has been around 30 per cent. In other years we have had a somewhat better record than this."

"In 1915, for example, we had twenty-seven cases and but one death. This was exceptional, because the death rate has often been as low as 15 per cent."

"We never have had what could be called an epidemic of the disease in Boston. In 1915 there were forty-one cases and the same number in 1913."

CAUSE A MYSTERY.

"The disease is spread by contact, often by discharges from the mouth and nose. The cause of infantile paralysis is not known. It is now generally conceded to be a germ disease, but the doctors are still very much in the dark about it in spite of all the time and money that has been spent to find the cause."

"It is no respecter of wealth or position. Often it will be found in a home where all possible health precautions are observed."

"The symptoms vary greatly. Sometimes a child will be dead apparently perfectly well and then wake up in the morning paralyzed. Other cases develop more generally."

"The after-effects of the disease explain in part why it is regarded with such horror by the people. Often a child will recover from the disease but remain partially paralyzed."

"Children suffering from disease should be taken at once to a hospital, where they are isolated. There has been no treatment discovered that has any effect on the progress of the disease. In its later stages, however, it is sometimes used to good purpose."

"Young children are the ones generally affected."

Federal Board's Don'ts to Check Infant Paralysis

WHAT not to do to aid in checking infant paralysis, according to the Federal Public Health Service.

DO NOT Kiss and fondle children if either they or you have been exposed.

DO NOT sneeze or expectorate without using a handkerchief to retain possible germs.

Let your children attend school if the disease exists in your community.

Neglect to summon the doctor if any member of the family develops the slightest suspicious symptom.

Use common drinking cups or towels or public drinking fountains.

Attend public meetings in communities where the disease is reported.

DO NOT generally affect. There is generally some fever, though often this is not excessive. Frequently there is nausea. At other times, some of these symptoms is in evidence and apparently a well child will wake up in the morning with a crippled leg or arm.

PRECAUTIONS TAKEN.

"Every possible precaution is being observed by the Board of Health, and the inspectors are making a careful search of the treatment sections with a view of locating any possible case."

"There is not a single case, and we want to keep that record if we can. In any event there is not the slightest danger of an epidemic. There is no reason for alarm on the part of the people, but the rules I have laid down should be observed, not from any special danger of infantile paralysis but merely because they are sensible precautions that every mother of small children should follow."

150 Children Are Dead in New York

By International News Service. New York, July 4.—Despite the steps taken by the Board of Health to curb the epidemic of infantile paralysis now raging in New York, the number of cases show a steady increase. During the twenty-four hours from 8 a. m. Wednesday 133 new cases were reported. These cases were in four boroughs of the city as follows: Brooklyn, 31; Manhattan, 5; Richmond, 3; Queens, 2.

This was an increase of eight over the preceding twenty-four hours and an increase of seventy-three over the total for the twenty-four hours that began at 8 a. m. Monday.

Though \$50,000 is available for the war upon the epidemic, it is probable much larger sum will have to be appropriated. Fifty more hospital beds, fifteen more beds open and 150 additional nurses are being engaged.

Thus far the number of cases totals 716 and the deaths more than 150, showing that the disease is more prevalent than during the epidemic of 1917.

BOYS IN FLY-LIKE WALK ARE TRAPPED

Three boys, from ten to twelve years of age, made a daring effort early today to escape from a policeman and a messenger boy by walking on narrow coping at the third floor level along the rear of three city blocks at the corner of High and Federal streets.

The boys finally climbed through a window and were trapped in a room by the policeman boy, who had to be appropriated. Fifty more hospital beds, fifteen more beds open and 150 additional nurses are being engaged.

Thus far the number of cases totals 716 and the deaths more than 150, showing that the disease is more prevalent than during the epidemic of 1917.

GOVERNOR DEFIES THE SPACE EXPERTS

Holding the fort against efficiency and space experts, Governor McCall today defied their plan to compel the Executive Council to abandon the historic Council Chamber, which has been in continuous use by the council since 1793.

The space experts planned to force both the Governor and the council into a new suite of rooms in the west wing addition. "I would not stand for such a plan," said the Governor.

Lowell Child Drowned.

Lowell, July 4.—James Beresford, four, rolled from the roof of a building at Ford and Alken streets into the Pawtucket Canal and was drowned.

"LONGER WEAR AND MORE COMFORT ARE TWO FEATURES THAT WILL APPEAL TO EVERY MAN."

SOFT KNIT IPSWICH-15

Men's (Guaranteed) Socks

At all dealers who display the "WITCH" trade mark.

WELLESLEY HILLS IS STIRRED BY WOMAN'S SLANDER SUIT

Continued from First Page.

Wellesley Hills for about six years, with her three sons, the oldest of whom is twenty-two. The others are twins, twenty years old.

The Hill home is an attractive bungalow, located on the top of a hill. The hill overlooks the Gray farm, and the Hills and the "Grays" were neighbors.

Gray's home was a cottage house, several hundred yards up Worcester street. In addition to his Boston business, Gray ran the farm and conducted a milk route.

In the same cottage lived Miss Smith, generally known as "Mrs. Gray" and her two daughters, one sixteen and in the Wellesley High School, and the other seven.

"Mrs. Gray" had been living in the cottage a dozen or more years.

In the Hill and the Gray households became friendly. It is said and Mrs. Hall states that frequently Gray would go over to the bungalow and play cards with the three sons of the divorcee.

That was as it should be with good neighbors. But last winter something developed to interrupt friendly relations. This is what Mrs. Hall said of the cause of the rupture today:

"Last winter Mr. Gray was over here at our bungalow one day. Miss Gray" came in the back door and

said: 'Now I have caught you.' 'I didn't know what she meant, but I realized she was making insinuations as to myself.'

"I asked her to show me her marriage certificate, but she couldn't do it."

"I then told her I didn't think I was doing any wrong to permit her husband to visit the bungalow, as he was not married. I told her he could visit the bungalow if he chose to do so."

What happened next is told in Miss Smith's breach of promise suit against Gray.

Miss Smith in the suit says Gray left her on February 2. Also in the declaration in her statement that he first promised to marry her in 1910, that he repeated this several times thereafter. She says she first met him as a milkman.

Leaving the cottage on the farm, Gray went to the Hill bungalow to board, and is still living there as a boarder. Miss Smith remains in the cottage with her two daughters, but she has sold the milk route.

Miss Hall said her divorced husband, who now lives in Boston, had protested against Gray being a lodger at the bungalow.

"But I told him that I wanted a larger income than the alimony he pays me, and I have taken Mr. Gray as a boarder," she said.

Miss Smith refused to discuss either the breach of promise suit

Meyer Jonasson & Co.
Tremont and Boylston Sts.

Store Closed

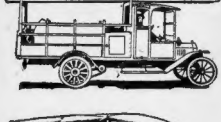
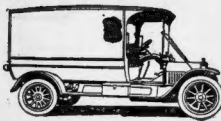
All Day Every Saturday
During July and August

FOR FRIDAY

Sales of New Tub Skirts at—
\$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.50 and \$5.95

MEYER JONASSON & CO.

A Firestone Tire for every type and weight of truck.



NO one type of truck tire meets all delivery and hauling conditions.

That is why you find everything in the Firestone line, from the mighty giant tire twelve inches wide for heavy duty trucking to pneumatic truck tires for fast delivery work.

If you will get in touch with the Firestone Transportation Specialist he will recommend the truck tire that offers you greatest service.

He will take into consideration whether your trucking involves:

Country or city work—or both;
Long or short hauls;
Light or heavy loads;
Fast or slow driving;
Few or frequent stops.

The Firestone man also weighs the special trucking problems involved in your particular industry.

His recommendations are unbiased because he has no one type of truck tire to push.

Call this office. Let us send the Firestone man. Let him apply Firestone Toughness and Resilience to your trucking.

He'll show you how to lengthen the life of your truck, reduce truck and tire repairs, get tire mileage and traction, reduce skidding and "spinning," lower gasoline bills.

He'll explain the Firestone shop service—unequaled by any other tire company in the city—prepared, when necessary, for even night and Sunday work. It pays to consult the Firestone man.

Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
"America's Largest Tire and Rubber Company"
655 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass.
Phone Back Bay 5880
Haupt Office and Factory, AKRON, OHIO
Branches and Dealers Everywhere

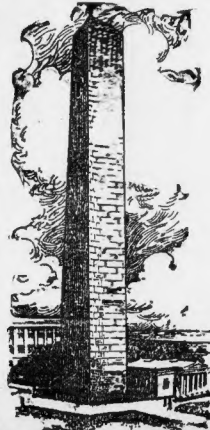
Who Endorses Ward's Bread?

EMINENT food scientists living right here among the people of Boston endorse WARD'S BREAD and declare that Arkady Yeast Food (U. S. Registered Trade Mark issued May 9th, 1916) is an ingredient which helps make WARD'S BREAD a product of the highest purity, quality and health building properties.

Our business standing and invested capital—our manufacturing guarantee that WARD'S BREAD is a high quality product—100% pure and positively a healthful and nutritious food—our widespread advertising—all these things are earnest evidence of the sincerity of our claim.

WARD'S BREAD is made only from the highest grades of flour, milk, refined vegetable oil, cane sugar, pure culture yeast, salt and water. Even the water used is filtered to take out the organic matter found in all city water. Then to the water is added in small and proper quantities, Arkady Yeast Food, a preparation approved and protected by United States patents.

City water varies in different localities. In some places it is hard—in others soft, according to mineral salt, a condition which makes a decided difference in bread. Arkady Yeast Food is a compound of mineral salts, chiefly lime salts, such as are commonly found in natural waters. Because of this fact it modifies natural waters to the best standard for bread making. It also reduces the amount of yeast required by more than half, thus shortening the fermentation period, conserving a greater proportion of the food value of the wheat and producing a more nutritious and healthful loaf than can be made under any other known method.



If you are not already a WARD'S BREAD enthusiast, we want you to become one. Aside from what this advertisement states, you will be able to prove to your own satisfaction,

- 1st—that it is a sweeter and more finely flavored loaf than others.
- 2nd—that it has better texture and bloom.
- 3rd—that it is more free from yeasty odor or flavor and from the objectionable by-products of fermentation.
- 4th—that it is really delicious and palatable.
- 5th—that it is 100% PURE.
- 6th—that it is peculiarly nutritious and healthful and a builder of bone, muscle, teeth and tissue.
- 7th—that it is a food for children par excellence.

On top of this, WARD'S BREAD is made in one of the most modern, sanitary bakeries, and it is clean inside and outside. Put it to the test today.

Made every day for the people of Boston and vicinity in the Ward Bakery at Cambridge, where visitors are always welcome.

LAST GERMAN LINE DEFENDING PERONE PIERCED AT SEVERAL POINTS

Continued from First Page.

Front has been pierced at several points. North and south of the Ancre the Germans have launched strong attacks against the new positions of the British, whose advance by means of the heavy German forces made the ground, however, less slower than that of the French. German artillery on the Verdun front was very active yesterday and last night. The famous old cathedral of Verdun was violently shelled by the German guns. By the text of the French official communiqué following the attack on the Verdun front, the German line was pierced at several points.

Aggravated during the night, a German counter attack took place on two small woods located a kilometer north of the Ancre. A French attack captured another wood on the northeastern outskirts of the same village. **REPULSED ATTACK** "South of the Somme the night passed quietly on the greater part of the front. A counter-attack directed by the Germans at Belloy was easily repulsed. "The number of guns captured by the French troops that it had been monthly to count up to today were 74. The machine guns captured number several hundred. The exact count is not possible.

"On the two banks of the Meuse there was no infantry action. Our second line in the region of Chateau-Saint was bombarded. There was a rather sharp artillery duel in the sector of Fleury and Puntigny wood. "The Germans have become so bitter that they systematically attempted during last night to reach the Calvaire at Verdun with their heavy shells. "One of our long range guns destroyed enemy convoys in the direction of Haudout, northeast of St. Mihiel. "In Alsace, in the region of Illersheim, one of our detachments operated a German trench, which it found full of corpses."

WAR SUMMARY

The French official statement today reports further gains in the French offensive south of the Somme, but says that determined German counter attacks have resulted in the recapture by the Teutons of a number of small woods and other positions. The drive of the allies may be said to hang in the balance during the next few days. If they are in earnest, they will hold their gains at any cost till their big guns can be moved up to new positions, then begin a new bombardment as the preface to another forward surge. Unless the bombardment and the advance come within the next ten days, it is far to assume that the attack was merely an incident. If the bombardment and advance develop, then the long-predicted allied drive is undoubtedly under way, and whether it fails or succeeds it will be a step toward the end of the war.

HINDENBURG'S LINE BROKEN BY RUSSIANS

By International News Service. Petrograd, July 6.—Important successes for the Russians all along the front were reported today by the War Office. Russian forces opposing the army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg have broken through the first line positions of the Germans in the Riga sector. In the region of Baranovich the great battle between the Russians and the Germans under Prince Leopold of Bavaria continues with many prisoners falling into the hands of the Russians. In Lieluk, Mikulichin, has been captured and on the right bank of the Dvina the Russian forces opposing the Russians have been pushed to the right. Following is the text of the official statement: "The enemy has been repulsed and put to flight on the right bank of the Dvina."

British Advance Near Thiepval

By HIDEY M. CAYE. International News Service Staff Correspondent. London, July 6.—British troops have renewed their attacks against the Germans in the region of Thiepval, between the Ancre and Somme rivers, pressing the Teutons back and gaining further ground. It was stated in an official report issued by the War Office at noon. The advance, however, was slight, owing to the terrific artillery fire of the Germans and the great masses of reserves hurled forward to contest the progress of the English. Some German prisoners were taken during the fighting around Thiepval last night. The official report shows that the fighting has been extended northward. Just south of the La Bassée canal, British forces, after releasing gas, raised the first line of German trenches. Following is the text of the War Office statement: "The advance of Thiepval was advanced slightly, taking some prisoners and some machine guns. The enemy's front line was broken at several points, and a trench was captured. Forty prisoners and a trench mortar were taken. The enemy's position was destroyed. Many German guns and ammunition were taken. The balance of the front is unchanged."

Every Cold Should Be Considered Serious

Be any the least motherly author of this article would be surprised to find that the cold is a very serious disease. It is not only a nuisance, but it is a danger to your health. It is a disease that can be prevented by taking proper precautions. It is a disease that can be cured by taking proper medicine. It is a disease that can be avoided by taking proper care of your health. It is a disease that can be prevented by taking proper precautions. It is a disease that can be cured by taking proper medicine. It is a disease that can be avoided by taking proper care of your health.

Pictorial Review Patterns

offer a wide variety of the newest and smartest Summer Fashions



15 cents for each of the above numbers August Styles Now Ready

Jordan Marsh Company

Berlin Admits Gains By French and British.

By International News Service. Berlin, July 6.—Admission that the British have made progress at Thiepval and that the French have captured Belloy-en-Santerre on the Somme river front were contained in an official statement issued by the German War Office today.

It was stated, however, that the British gain at Thiepval was but a result of accidental counter-attacks by the Germans. The text of the War Office report follows: "The front from the east to the Ome river the artillery activity has increased, but otherwise the situation on that part of the front is unchanged. Minor progress made by the Somme and southwards fighting continued. Minor progress made by the British at Thiepval has been balanced by our counter-attacks. Further south they succeeded in obtaining a firm foothold in an advanced trench of a salient. "We have evacuated the small village of Hém in the Somme valley. The French have captured Belloy-en-Santerre. In the sector of Estrees the fighting has come to a standstill. Gas attacks against our positions obtained no result. "On the Aisne the enemy tried to attack south of Villers aux Bois and met with serious loss. "On the left bank of the Meuse the fighting resulted favorably for us. "On the right bank attempts by the enemy to advance in the wood south of Vaux were futile. The French tried to make Damloup work, but failed. In Belgium in the region of Thionville we captured 21 prisoners. "In the region of Charleroi an enemy party returned with thirty-two prisoners and some booty. "South of Cambrai an enemy aviator bombarded a stationary hospital train. Six wounded soldiers were killed. "East front—Army group of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, southeast of Riga, on the front of Pustaya and Wierowka, attacks of the Russians were partially repulsed. We took 175 prisoners southeast of Riga. "Army group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, west of Riga, in the region of the Dvina, attacks of the Russians were repulsed. "The battle around Koki and Komsomol'sk was still in progress. "Army group of General von Bothmer, after Russian attacks had been repulsed in Riga, they were transferred to Kornev, eight miles south of the Dvina. Here Russian assaults were broken up on both sides of Chermis, nine miles southeast of Kornev. (Gaietie)."

Peronne, the first important strategic point in the path of the drive, is still in German hands.

There are many explanations for the failure of the British advance to keep pace with that of the French. One is that the Germans had made more effort to meet the British drive, but it is probable that the real reason is that the French soldiers were veterans, the British troops volunteers, who have not yet been beaten into shape by the buffeting of war.

An official bulletin from Petrograd announces the launching of a determined Russian offensive against the German troops in the Riga sector. This has been predicted for some days. Petrograd says the first line positions of the Germans were pierced. A previous Russian dispatch claimed that the Russians had cut the main line of railroad supplying Lemberg, but specified that this was the line to Delatyn—in which case Lemberg must have been drawing its supplies from the Russians, since the railroad named leads southward from Lemberg into the region now in Russian hands—Kolomea, Smolay and Czernowitz. Lemberg, thus far, is perfectly safe.

SHOPS AT THE OLD CORNER

Legal Stamps Given and Redeemed

Semi-Annual Basket Sale

A Big Clean-Up of All Odds and Ends—Remnants—Broken Assortments, etc., at quick step prices. Sale

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and on SATURDAY till 1 p. m. New lots daily.

5000 Yards of Bingham's New and a variety of other goods. 12c

25c Brasieres 12c

1000 Pairs of Women's White Canvas Rubber Sole Low Shoes. \$1.00

With Rubber Heels. All sizes, 2 to 7. In Basement.

Summer Dresses \$1.00

For house and street wear. Materials include figured Lawns, Dimities, Chambrays, striped Gingham, etc. Sizes 10 to 16. On the 2nd Floor.

75c House Dresses to the 2nd floor baskets. 39c

89c SOILED WAISTS 39c

New Satin Flowers. All white, pink and blue. Size 4 to 20. 29c

Girls' WASH DRESSES 39c

\$2 and \$3 SILK WAISTS 69c

All White Hemp Dress Shapes. \$1.00

\$1 Genuine Hand Bags 59c

Infants' Dept. 10c

Boy's 50c Hats and 50c Khaki Pants. Choice 39c

Women's Elastic Waists. 50c Wash Suits. 12c

Children's 2c. 25c

45x36-inch Pillow Cases—wall 10c

50c Bungalow Aprons & Caps 25c

\$1.00 Wash Suits. 15c

Black and white checks. All white, natural linen. 69c

Smallwares. 50c

LEGAL STAMPS. The Tremont Stores. 90 & 98 Tremont St.

SUMMER FIELDS

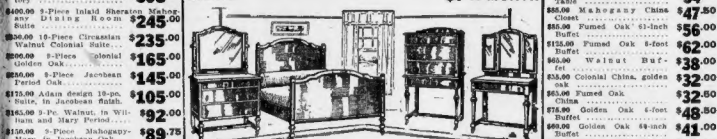
July Clearance Sale 25% TO 33% REDUCTIONS

Offers Many Big Bargains

"THE ONLY WAY DIGNIFIED CREDIT AND A YEAR TO PAY"

JULY CLEARANCE SALE OF THIS BEAUTIFUL WILLIAM AND MARY WALNUT BEDROOM SUITE.

\$89.85 \$7 CASH \$7 A MONTH



This Beautifully Designed Suite is a Regular \$130.00 Value

The bed is of a handsome design and extra well constructed. Full size dresser is unusually large, with good size mirror and plenty of drawer space, with antique metal drawer pulls; highboy is of the very latest design with excellent cabinet workmanship; and toilet dressing table has triplicate mirrors. Sold separately, if desired.

Brass and Iron Beds

Many floor samples on discount prices. Some are slightly worn and will be sold at half price. Many nice beds at a saving of 25% to 35%.

\$48.00 Heavy Colonial Bed. \$37.50

\$48.00 Square Telling Bed. \$37.50

\$48.00 Brass Bed. \$37.50

\$48.00 Colonial Bed. \$37.50

\$48.00 Bed. \$37.50

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\$48.00 Bed. \$37.50

\$48.00 Bed. \$37.50

Odd Buffets, China Closets, Tables and Chairs

\$62.00 Mahogany 66-inch Buffet. \$47.50

\$62.00 Mahogany 48-inch Buffet. \$47.50

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WELL JUDGING WHAT THEY
DO WHEN THEY FIGHT INSIDE.
THEY'D PUT THE MOUSE BY
FIGHTING OUTSIDE



Braves Play Buffalo Fans Honor Stallings

Y THE SERVICE STORE

AUGUST 30 TO 1

EAST BOSTON SAVINGS BANK

100 North St., East Boston

RESTRICTION ON PROFITS

In compliance with Section 48, Chapter 156 of the laws of the State, the directors of this bank are requested to present their annual report for the year ending on the 31st day of December, 1915, to the stockholders at a meeting to be held on the 1st day of August, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the City of Boston.

ALVIN J. JOHNSON, President.

Automobile

IF MOTHERS

Would guard against the tragedy which occupies such a conspicuous place in the local news of the day, they should give their daughters the benefit of the awful warning given in that

DARING PHOTO PLAY

Where Are My Children?

Which is crowding at 4 performances daily, at 2, 3, 5, 7, and 9:30 P. M.

The MAJESTIC Theatre

A Parallel Case Is Depicted in This Remarkable and Timely Film

SEATS 25c AND 50c

Beware of Idle Talk! Speculators, Public purchase of them will be limited at the door

NO CHILDREN ADMITTED

BEKEITH'S

LUCIE DRESSER

Special for this week

JOHN & RAE BURKE

The Great Escape

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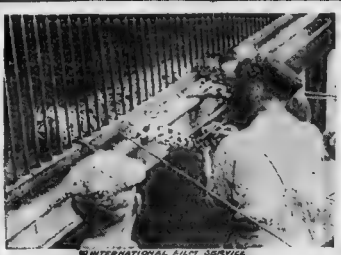
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HEARST INTERNATIONAL NEWS PICTORIAL SCENES

Released in Boston Motion Picture Theatres Today



MANICURING A LEOPARD.

This photograph shows keepers at the New York Zoo manuring a leopard. All of the animals are given a careful medical examination at this season of the year.



WOUNDED CARRIZAL SURVIVOR

The members of the Tenth Cavalry wounded in the Carrizal battle were brought to El Paso. This photograph shows one of the wounded troopers ready to be placed in an army ambulance.



PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON

President Wilson was photographed in a characteristic pose while addressing the convention of advertising men at Philadelphia. In his speech he declared that he was ready for action.



ARMORED MOTOR CARS.

First Motor Battery of New York National Guard mobilized for service on the border.



CHARLES E. HUGHES. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

This photograph shows the Presidential candidates of the Republican party and former President Taft near the Hughes home at Bridgewater, N. J. Mr. Taft was the guest of Mr. Hughes at a "Harmony" luncheon.

PINED \$20 FOR CREDITS TO HORSE

was a family, nineteen, of We was given a suspended sentence of six months and a fine of \$200 for driving a horse with a broken collar.

IN COURT FOR SALE OF SKIMMED MILK

was held in the Newton court house, setting aside from which the milk had been skimmed.

Held on Murder Charge.

was held on the Grand Jury on a charge of murder in the first degree, William Brady in the railroad tracks in Somerville, June 21, 1915.

BEST WALL PAPERS

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PAINT 125

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TRAVEL GUIDE

CUNARD

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Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

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Thursday, July 6, 1916

Carranza's "Concessions" Make No Amends for the Bloody Past

THE twenty-three American soldiers held in a Mexican prison at Chihuahua have been set free.

The American soldiers killed at Carrizal are still dead.

The American soldiers treacherously surprised, unarmed, at Columbus, N. M., and slaughtered are still dead.

The American soldiers and citizens killed in the repeated incursions of Mexican armed troops into United States territory are still dead.

The hundreds of American men, women and children ruthlessly hunted and slain by Mexican citizens and the Mexican military in Mexico for the past four years are still dead.

And the blood of these our murdered fellow citizens calls upon us to do our full duties of citizenship.

What has the release of a few prisoners got to do with the continued and continuing series of outrages in Mexico?

If the only thing that had happened had been the capture of these prisoners, then their release with the proper apology might have been sufficient as far as Carrizal alone was concerned.

But this treacherous ambush of our soldiers at Carrizal, vile and vicious an act as it was, is one of the least of the crimes committed against the United States by Carranza and his military subordinates.

Can Carranza restore the lives of all the other soldiers he has murdered in unprovoked attacks made upon our troops, not only in Mexico, but upon the sacred soil of our own country?

Can he restore the honor and happiness of the American women, even the women of religious orders, that his brutes have overborne and outraged?

Can he give back the joys and hopes of existence to the little children murdered at the threshold of their lives?

Call it a battle if you will, or an ambush, or a wholesale massacre, the affair at Carrizal, bloody as it was, is but one crumb in the long indictment of Carranza for high crimes against the United States and against humanity.

It was the culmination of years of arrogant indifference to the honor and dignity of this country, which has been weakly tolerated by our government until the Mexican chieftain had naturally concluded that no offense was great enough to sting the Yankees into an adequate reformat.

The release of these prisoners does not even make amends for the crime at Carrizal. Certainly it does not in any way palliate or excuse the long record of outrages which preceded that slaughter.

The citizen soldiers of the United States, now on the border or on their way to the border, had been called to arms before the rattle of the machine guns rung out on the field of Carrizal. They had been summoned to war, not to avenge this particular assault, but to secure redress for a long line of prior injuries inflicted upon Americans, and of heedless violations of every fundamental of American citizenship. They were called to show the arrogant First Chief of Mexico that he could not with bombastic proclamations so circumscribe the activities of General Pershing's punitive expedition in Mexico that the bandits be pursued might escape to boast of their deeds and plan new raids in conjunction with the Carranza forces which they were officially summoned to join.

The troops were mobilized to make clear to Carranza that no longer would the government of the United States be the target of insult and outrage and its citizens the objects of mindless assault.

By giving a grudging discharge now to a handful of prisoners Carranza can make amends whatever for the past. He does not restore to harried American citizens the rights and privileges of citizenship of which his bandit hands have robbed them, and in which our own indifferent government has fully failed to sustain them. He does not restore to those whom his men have murdered their lives. He cannot restore to this nation, which for four years at least has endured obloquy, insolence and humiliation at his hands and those of his equally lawless predecessors, the sense of national dignity and the assurance of national honor which have gone unvindicated by the Taft administration and the present administration. Carranza cannot do these things now, nor can he offer guarantees for the future that our people would believe or that his people would respect.

Carranza has not, and never has had, any power in Mexico other than the power of one bandit chief over his own bandit band.

He cannot speak for the Mexican government because there is none. He cannot speak for other bandit bands because they are only united with him in hatred and hostility against Americans.

He cannot speak for the average Mexican because nine-tenths of the inhabitants of Mexico are Indians with murder in their hearts and plunder and pillage in their minds as the main objects and most enjoyable methods of existence.

There will never be peace in Mexico until the United States compels that peace. There will never be safety for American citizens in Mexico or in our own States along the border until the United States establishes that safety by force of arms.

Taft played the weakling and traitor to his fellow citizens and was rebuked and repudiated in a way in which no American President had been rebuked before.

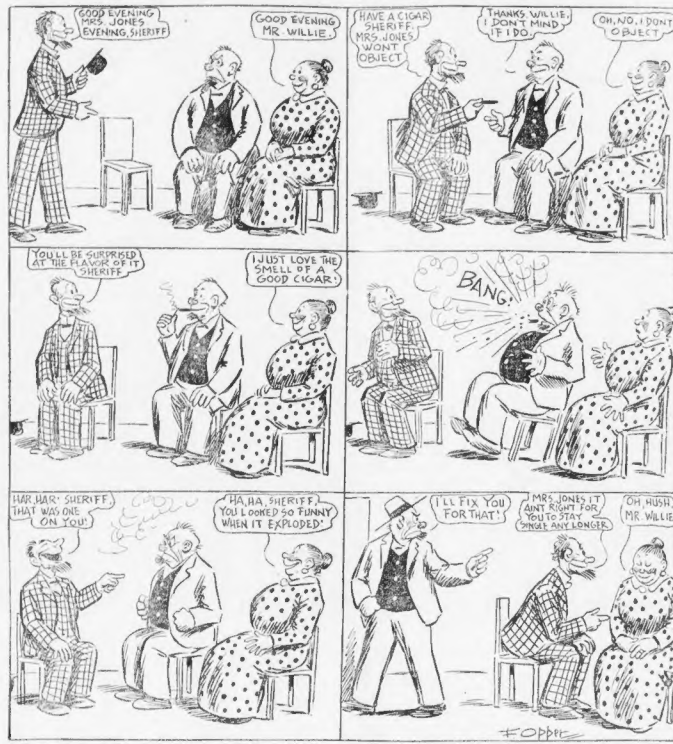
Wilson has had three years more than Taft of Mexican outrage to enlighten his mind and to arouse his patriotism.

He will either profit by Taft's example or he will surpass Taft's record of rebuke and repudiation.

COUSIN WILLIE

He Puts One Over on His Rival, the Sheriff

Mr. Tipper's work appears regularly in animated cartoons in the International Film Service



How a Genius Analyzed a King's Crown

What Archimedes Did for King Hiero Seems Simple Today, but It Was, in Its Time, as Great a Wonder as Any of Our Achievements

By Garrett P. Servis

"YOU would greatly oblige me and, I believe, many others by explaining the celebrated story about Archimedes and the crown of King Hiero of Syracuse. All the books which start to tell us how Archimedes discovered the fraud in the crown stop short just at the point that one wants to have cleared up. 'Hiero suspected that a jeweler had cheated him by mixing silver with the gold in his crown, and he directed Archimedes to find out the facts without destroying the crown. Archimedes solved the problem by weighing the crown first in air and then in water. 'I can understand how, by this process, he got the specific gravity, or weight, relative to water, but what puzzles me is how he then calculated the exact proportion of the two metals in the crown. Suppose the crown weighed twice as much as the silver, and that its specific gravity was found to be 14.66; how did Archimedes proceed to discover just how much silver was mixed in?—P. O. C.'"

Now, we know that the specific gravity of gold is 19.3 and that of silver 10.5, which means that a given bulk of gold weighs 19.3 times, and a given bulk of silver 10.5 times as much as the same bulk of water. The specific gravity of King Hiero's crown is said to have been 14.66, which, as we shall see, indicated a bold fraud by the jeweler, since it showed that he had used more silver than gold.

Now for the calculation which puzzles our correspondent, and which the books seem to avoid. We make it with the aid either of arithmetic or algebra. The algebraic method seems more direct. Thus:

Let X be the number of ounces of gold in the crown.
Let Y be the number of ounces of silver in the crown.
Then, since the total weight is 22 oz., X plus Y equals 22.
But, taking the relative specific gravities into account, 19.3 X plus 10.5 Y equals 322.52 (which is the product of 14.66, the specific gravity of the crown, by 22, the number of ounces it contained).

Algebra Makes It Easy to Dig Out the Unknown from the Known

Now we have got two equations involving the same unknown quantities, and we can combine them by algebraic rules. First, setting them down one under the other:

$$\begin{array}{r} X \text{ plus } Y \text{ equals } 22 \\ 19.3 X \text{ plus } 10.5 Y \text{ equals } 322.52 \end{array}$$

Multiply the first equation by the coefficient (19.3) of Y in the second equation and we have:

$$\begin{array}{r} 19.3 X \text{ plus } 19.3 Y \text{ equals } 424.6 \\ 19.3 X \text{ plus } 10.5 Y \text{ equals } 322.52 \end{array}$$

Now subtract this from the second equation above, and we find that 8.8 Y equals 91.52. We divide 91.52 by 8.8 to discover the value of Y , and it comes out equal to 10.4. That, then, is the number of ounces of gold in King Hiero's crown, while the number of ounces of silver can be found by subtracting 10.4 from 22, the remaining being 11.6.

Many persons would perhaps prefer an arithmetical method, and that may have been Archimedes' way. Such a method is furnished by the principle of allegation. Take the figures representing the specific gravities and set them down in two adjacent columns, putting 19.3 in one column with 10.5 directly under it, while 14.66 is put in a separate column at the left. Then subtract 14.66 from 19.3, and the remainder, 4.64, will represent the proportion of silver in the combination, while 14.66 minus 10.5, subtracted from 14.66, giving 4.16, will show the proportion of gold.

In order to translate these proportions into ounces, on the basis of 22 ounces for the whole crown, divide 32 by 4.5, the sum of 4.64 and 4.16, and then multiply the quotient, 2.5, alternately by 4.64 and 4.16. The products represent the number of ounces respectively of gold and silver, and they come out 10.4 and 11.6—exactly as by the algebraic method.

By taking a mass of gold equal in weight to the crown and placing it in water, he found that it displaced less water than did a mass of silver of the same weight, because, weight for weight, silver is bulkier than gold. Then he tried the crown, and it displaced more water than the gold had done, but less than silver. This proved that the crown must be alloy of the two metals. The next step was to find out how much silver was mixed with the gold.

For this he proceeded to calculate the specific gravities. This he could do either by dividing the weight of the metal in each case by the weight of the water which it displaced, or by following the process which we should use today, of simply weighing the things first in air and then in water, and dividing the weight in the air by the loss of weight in water.

Under these conditions it is all very well to urge parents to do their duty by their children's teeth. But what would happen if they took the advice? The dental profession would be swamped in a deluge of forty-eight hours.

It is frankly admitted by all intelligent dentists who have studied the situation that there are simply not enough dental operators to take care of more than about one-third of all children's teeth, even if every one of them were to be fully checked eight hours every day six days out of a week and neglected adults entirely. In fact, it is a simple problem in arithmetic, there being only about one dentist to every three thousand people in these United States, which means about one to every seven hundred children.

Which is significant of the change that has come over the new preventive dentistry. More than half the dentures of the jaws and irregularities and crowding of the teeth are due to obstructed nostrils and the mouth breathing which this condition compels. Now "open your mouth and shut your eyes," but "open your nose and shut your mouth" is the nursery rhyme of the orthodontist.

But there is only one Boston—on this side of Jordan—and one Forsythe Institute, and the question is: What are the rest of the cities going to do to catch up?

Most cities which have a modern sense of duty and are giving some sort of an attempt at taking

When adversity gives us a glimpse of what we can forget in times of peace.

More Truth Than Poetry

By James J. Montague

Grammar School Anthology



LITTLE WALDO WICKETTS—teacher's pride and joy:
Stands the highest in the class—quite a model boy.
Bones at books the whole day long—takes 'em home at night,
Never has been known to flunk when called on to recite.

Some day he'll be President, a lot of folks predict—
But he runs home when school lets out to keep from getting kicked!

LITTLE TOMMY TUMPEIT has no brains to spare:
Nothing much above his neck except his face and hair,
Can't divide or multiply, can't subtract or add,
Slovenly appearance—conduct very bad.

But when in the pitcher's box he's fast, and keen, and cool—
Little Tommy Tumpeit—the idol of the school.

LITTLE NANCY NIXON every single day
Brings to darning teacher a lovely big bouquet.
Teacher puts her on the head; always calls her "dear";
Tells the class: "You all should try to be like Nancy here."

Loves her lessons, Nancy does, with all her little heart—
But all the pupils say to her: "Oh, don't we think we're smart!"

LITTLE CUTEY CRUMPTIE scribbles on her books,
Brings to teacher for lessons—thinks about her looks.
When the teacher sternly says, "Stop that hissing noise!"
It's little Cutey Crumpty, whispering to boys!

Very backward girl she is—she won't even pass!
But honestly, she has more fun than any girl in class!



Purely Supererogatory.
"We must win. Let every Democrat go to work!"—William J. Bryan. "Thanks to William J. Bryan, disesteemed Democrat has come to work, the date of employment being the earliest date that Mr. Bryan could write their names on the Government payroll."

And Look What Happened to Him
No wonder John M. Parker doesn't want to run for Vice-President. A man named Parker ran for President once.

Justifiable Expulsion.
David Starr Jordan has departed from El Paso to escape prosecution on a charge of inciting peace.

Fix the Limb.
It might be all right to send Toot to stump for Hughes, but his territory should be restricted to Utah and Vermont.

We Pause for a Reply
Speaking of the army, where is the regiment that E. M. House is Colonel of?

Preventive Dentistry and the Dental Nurse

By Woods Hutchinson, M. D.

The World's Best Known Writer on Medical Subjects

PART I.
THE keynote of modern dentistry is prevention is now where more strictly illustrated than in the great Forsythe Institute of Boston, with its twenty thousand patients a year and its training school for dental nurses.

Though practically a charity, in the best sense of that much abused term, every child who enters its doors is a pay patient, being charged a fee of five cents for each visit, which he hands in to the person, and receives a receipt for. As Mr. Forsythe quaintly says, "He is simply buying in the cheapest market. Every child has a right to do that."

No hospital that charges seven dollars a day for a private room is more beautifully and artistically designed and furnished, more superbly equipped with everything that makes for the comfort and happiness of its patients than this. From the great waiting room with locks and pictures and flowers and glittering fixtures in great glass aquaria to the nickel and enamel "one-night" surgical wards, where the little patients who require to have their adenoids or tonsils removed or some plastic operation upon the jaws or palate are kept to sleep out of their teeth.

Which is significant of the change that has come over the new preventive dentistry. More than half the dentures of the jaws and irregularities and crowding of the teeth are due to obstructed nostrils and the mouth breathing which this condition compels. Now "open your mouth and shut your eyes," but "open your nose and shut your mouth" is the nursery rhyme of the orthodontist.

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Most cities which have a modern sense of duty and are giving some sort of an attempt at taking

When adversity gives us a glimpse of what we can forget in times of peace.

Thoughts by the Way

There are few persons—meaner than those who try to eat from a child's hands about the parents and none of the little ones.

Many persons cultivate children for this express purpose.

They encourage the youngsters to talk about their home affairs, and pick from them bits of information they know by an intimate conversation with their neighbors.

And yet these very people would be indignant if you should call them "snobs."

The little ones feel flattered by the attention they are given and readily talk about what father or mother said and what they do.

To stir up strife and to feed a fire about the people's person and the children make the best tools.

Children are likely to forget, or get the wrong idea of what is said, and give it a different interpretation than its meaning.

In this way parents are often created with statements which they did not make and which would be entirely untrue if it is those who might hear about them.

The old saw, "Children and fools always tell the truth," cannot always be relied upon.

Kings Love Diamonds---Why?

Curious and little known facts about playing cards and the strange significance they had for the ancients, told in the next Boston Sunday AMERICAN.

In-Shoots

Some fellows are so nervous that they would fall had it not been for an epidemic of measles.

When adversity gives us a glimpse of what we can forget in times of peace.